City of York Council

Equalities Impact Assessment

Who is submitting the proposal?

Directorate:		Public Health	
Service Area:			
Name of the proposal	:	Allocation of Public Health Unde	rspend
Lead officer:		Fiona Phillips	
Date assessment com	pleted:		
Names of those who	contributed to the assess	sment :	
Name	Job title	Organisation	Area of expertise
Fiona Phillips	Assistant Director of Public Health	CYC	Public Health

Step 1 – Aims and intended outcomes

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1.1	What is the purpose of the proposal? Please explain your proposal in Plain English avoiding acronyms and jargon.
	To allocate £250k of underspend public health grant to priority areas in order to improve health outcomes and reduce health inequalities.

1.2	Are there any external considerations? (Legislation/government directive/codes of practice etc.)	
	Proposed spend must meet the requirements of the Public Health Grant Conditions.	

1.3	Who are the stakeholders and what are their interests?
	Various stakeholders across the health and social care system in York.

1.4	What results/outcomes do we want to achieve and for whom? This section should explain what
	outcomes you want to achieve for service users, staff and/or the wider community. Demonstrate how the
	proposal links to the Council Plan (2019- 2023) and other corporate strategies and plans.
	The proposed areas of funding allocation are to meet identified needs from the Joint Strategic Needs Assessment or to continue with
	identified work areas in the public health work programme. The proposals aim to reduce health inequalities and meet the Council
	Plan priority of Good Health and Wellbeing. The plan also aims to deliver against elements of the Joint Health and Wellbeing
	Strategy.

Step 2 – Gathering the information and feedback

2.1	What sources of data, evidence and consultation feedback do we have to help us understand the impact of the proposal on equality rights and human rights? Please consider a range of sources, including: consultation exercises, surveys, feedback from staff, stakeholders, participants, research reports, the views of equality groups, as well your own experience of working in this area etc.		
Source	of data/supporting evidence	Reason for using	
Joint Strategic Needs Assessment		Provides evidence of health needs across the population in York	
Joint Heal	th and Wellbeing Strategy	Developed in consultation with a range of stakeholders	

Step 3 – Gaps in data and knowledge

3.1	What are the main gaps in information and understanding of the impact of your proposal? Please indicate how any gaps will be dealt with.		
Gaps in	Gaps in data or knowledge Action to deal with this		

Step 4 – Analysing the impacts or effects.

Please consider what the evidence tells you about the likely impact (positive or negative) on people sharing a protected characteristic, i.e. how significant could the impacts be if we did not make any adjustments? Remember the duty is also positive – so please identify where the proposal offers opportunities to promote equality and/or foster good relations.

Equality Groups and Human Rights.	Key Findings/Impacts	Positive (+) Negative (-) Neutral (0)	High (H) Medium (M) Low (L)
Age		0	L
Disability		0	L
Gender		0	L
Gender Reassignment		0	L
Marriage and civil partnership		0	L
Pregnancy and maternity		0	L
Race		0	L
Religion and belief		0	L
Sexual orientation		0	L

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Other Socio- economic groups including:	Could other socio-economic groups be affected e.g. carers, ex-offenders, low incomes?	P	
Carer		0	L
Low income groups		0	L
Veterans, Armed Forces Community		0	L
Other			
Impact on human rights:			
List any human rights impacted.		0	L

Use the following guidance to inform your responses:

Indicate:

- Where you think that the proposal could have a POSITIVE impact on any of the equality groups like promoting equality and equal opportunities or improving relations within equality groups
- Where you think that the proposal could have a NEGATIVE impact on any of the equality groups, i.e. it could disadvantage them
- Where you think that this proposal has a NEUTRAL effect on any of the equality groups listed below i.e. it has no effect currently on equality groups.

It is important to remember that a proposal may be highly relevant to one aspect of equality and not relevant to another.

High impact (The proposal or process is very equality relevant)	There is significant potential for or evidence of adverse impact The proposal is institution wide or public facing The proposal has consequences for or affects significant numbers of people The proposal has the potential to make a significant contribution to promoting equality and the exercise of human rights.
Medium impact (The proposal or process is somewhat equality relevant)	There is some evidence to suggest potential for or evidence of adverse impact The proposal is institution wide or across services, but mainly internal The proposal has consequences for or affects some people The proposal has the potential to make a contribution to promoting equality and the exercise of human rights
Low impact (The proposal or process might be equality relevant)	There is little evidence to suggest that the proposal could result in adverse impact The proposal operates in a limited way The proposal has consequences for or affects few people The proposal may have the potential to contribute to promoting equality and the exercise of human rights

Step 5 - Mitigating adverse impacts and maximising positive impacts

5.1	Based on your findings, explain ways you plan to mitigate any unlawful prohibited conduct or unwanted adverse impact. Where positive impacts have been identified, what is been done to optimise opportunities to advance equality or foster good relations?

Step 6 – Recommendations and conclusions of the assessment

- Having considered the potential or actual impacts you should be in a position to make an informed judgement on what should be done. In all cases, document your reasoning that justifies your decision. There are four main options you can take:
 - **No major change to the proposal** the EIA demonstrates the proposal is robust. There is no potential for unlawful discrimination or adverse impact and you have taken all opportunities to advance equality and foster good relations, subject to continuing monitor and review.

- Adjust the proposal the EIA identifies potential problems or missed opportunities. This involves taking steps to remove any barriers, to better advance quality or to foster good relations.
- Continue with the proposal (despite the potential for adverse impact) you should clearly set out the
 justifications for doing this and how you believe the decision is compatible with our obligations under the
 duty
- **Stop and remove the proposal** if there are adverse effects that are not justified and cannot be mitigated, you should consider stopping the proposal altogether. If a proposal leads to unlawful discrimination it should be removed or changed.

Important: If there are any adverse impacts you cannot mitigate, please provide a compelling reason in the justification column.

Option selected	Conclusions/justification		
No major change to the proposal	The proposal forms part of a wider national drugs strategy and will be monitored closely at a local authority level through the partnership board. Which will be providing updates to regional OHID teams linking to national monitoring.		

Step 7 – Summary of agreed actions resulting from the assessment

7.1 What action, by whom, will be undertaken as a result of the impact assessment.				
Impact/issue	Action to be taken	Person responsible	Timescale	

Step 8 - Monitor, review and improve

8. 1	How will the impact of your proposal be monitored and improved upon going forward? Consider how will you identify the impact of activities on protected characteristics and other marginalised groups going forward? How will any learning and enhancements be capitalised on and embedded?